

# **COMPUTER NETWORKS**

## **PART B**

### **UNIT-I**

#### **1. Explain ISO/OSI reference model.**

- Physical layer
- Data link layer
- Network layer
- Transport layer
- Session layer
- Presentation layer
- Application layer

#### **2. Explain the topologies of the network.**

- Mesh topology
- Star topology
- Tree topology
- Bus topology
- Ring topology

#### **3. Explain the categories of networks.**

Local Area Network(LAN)  
Metropolitan Area Network(MAN)  
Wide Area Network(WAN)

#### **4. Explain coaxial cable & fiber optics.**

Coaxial cable  
Coaxial cable standards  
Coaxial cable connectors  
Fiber optics  
Propagation modes  
Fiber sizes  
Cable composition  
Light sources for optical cable  
Fiber optic connectors  
Advantages & disadvantages of optical fiber

#### **5. Explain line coding (digital to digital conversion).**

- Unipolar
- DC component
- Synchronization
- Polar
- Non return to zero(NRZ)
- NRZ-L
- NRZ-I
- Return to zero
- Biphase Manchester
- Differential Manchester

- Bipolar
- Alternate Mark Inversion(AMI)
- Bipolar 8-zero substitution(B8ZS)
- High-Density Bipolar 3(HDB3)

#### **6.Explain error detection techniques.**

- Types of errors
  - Single bit error
  - Burst error
- Error detection
  - Vertical redundancy check(VRC)
  - Longitudinal redundancy check(LRC)
  - Cyclic redundancy check(CRC)
  - Checksum

#### **7.Explain briefly about the error correction techniques.**

- Error correction
  - Single-bit error correction
  - Hamming code
  - Burst error correction

#### **8. Explain error control mechanism.**

Stop and wait ARQ  
 Sliding window ARQ  
 Go back-n  
 Selective-reject

#### **9. Explain the flow control mechanism**

Stop and wait  
 Sliding window.

#### **10.Explain about framing?**

Byte Oriented Protocols  
 Bit-Oriented Protocols  
 Clock Based Framing

## **UNIT II**

### **1. Explain the timers and time registers in FDDI.**

- Time registers
- Synchronous allocation(SA)
- Target token rotation time(TTRT)
- Absolute maximum time(AMT)
- Timers
- Token rotation timer(TRT)
- Token holding timer(THT)

### **2. Explain about Ethernet.**

- Access method :CSMA/CD
- Addressing
- Electrical specification
- Frame format
- Implementation:
  1. 10 base 5 :Thick Ethernet
  2. 10 base 2 :Thin Ethernet
  3. 10 base T :Twisted-pair Ethernet
  4. 1 base 5 :Star LAN

### **3. Explain the frame format for token ring and token bus.**

Access method:

Token passing  
Priority and reservation  
Time limits  
Monitor stations

### **4. Define bridge and explain the type of bridges.**

- Bridges
- Types of bridges
  - Simple bridge
  - Multiport bridge
  - Transparent bridge

### **5. Explain about HDLC.**

**Station types:**

Primary station  
Secondary station

**Configurations:**

Unbalanced configuration  
Symmetrical configuration  
Balanced configuration

**Modes of communication:**

- Normal Response Mode(NRM)
- Asynchronous Response Mode(ARM)
- Asynchronous Balanced Mode(ABM)

**Frames :**

- Flag field
- Address field
- Control field
- Information field
- FCS field

**6.Explain about the CSMA?**

- Definition
- Propagation time
- Types of CSMA

**7.Explain briefly about wireless LAN?**

- Bluetooth
- WI-Fi-802.11
- WiMAX-802.16

**8.Explain briefly about the cell Switching?**

- Cells
- Cell Size
- Cell Format

**9.What is Wi Fi?Explain briefly?**

- Definition
- Physical properties
- Collision Avoidance
- Distribution System
- Frame format

**10.Explain the procedure for the implementation of Bridges?**

- Spanning tree algorithm
- Broadcast and multicast
- Limitation of bridges.

### UNIT III

#### **1. Explain the two approaches of packet switching techniques.**

- Datagram approach
- Virtual circuit approach
  - Switched virtual circuit(SVC)
  - Permanent virtual circuit(PVC)
- Circuit – switched connection versus virtual – circuit connection
  - Path versus route
  - Dedicated versus shared

#### **2. Explain IP addressing method.**

- Internetwork protocol (IP)
- Datagram
- Addressing
  - Classes
  - Dotted decimal notation
  - A sample internet

#### **3. Define Internetworking? Explain about the ARP, DHCP?**

- Definition of Internetworking
- ARP Packet format
- ATMARF
- DHCP Packet format

#### **4. Explain briefly about the Queuing discipline?**

- Definition of Queuing discipline
- FIFO
- Fair Queuing

#### **5. Define routing & explain distance vector routing and link state routing.**

- Distance vector routing
  - Sharing information
  - Routing table
    - Creating the table
    - Updating the table
    - Updating algorithm
- Link state routing
  - Information sharing
  - Packet cost
  - Link state packet
  - Getting information about neighbors

Initialization  
Link state database

## **6. Explain subnetting**

- Subnetting
- Three levels of hierarchy
- Masking
  - Masks without subnetting
  - Masks with subnetting
- Finding the subnetwork address
  - Boundary level masking
  - Non-boundary level masking

## **7. Define Subnetting? Explain about the CIDR & BGP?**

- Subnetting
- CIDR
  - Route aggregation
  - IP Forwarding Revisited.
- BGP
  - Network connecting 2 autonomous systems
  - Integrating Interdomain and Intradomain Routing

## **8. Explain about the IPv6?**

- Historical Perspective
- Addresses and Routing
- Address space Allocation
- Packet Format

## **9. What is multicast ? Explain briefly?**

- Definition of multicast
- Multicast Addresses
- Multicast Routing
- Interdomain Multicast

## **10. Write short notes about repeaters, routers and gateways.**

- Repeaters
- Routers
  - Routing concepts
    - Least-cost routing
    - Non adaptive routing
    - Adaptive routing
    - Packet lifetime
- Gateways

## **UNIT IV**

### **1. Explain the duties of transport layer.**

- End to end delivery
- Addressing
- Reliable delivery
  - Error control
  - Sequence control
  - Loss control
  - Duplication control
- Flow control
- Multiplexing

### **2. Explain socket in detail.**

Introduction  
Explanation  
program

### **3. Explain UDP in details?**

- User Datagram Protocol(UDP)
  - Source port address
  - Destination port address
  - Total length
  - Checksum

### **4.Explain TCP in detail?**

- Transmission Control Protocol(TCP)
  - Source port address
  - Destination port address
  - Sequence number
  - Acknowledgement number
  - Header length
  - Reserved
  - Control
  - Window size
  - Check sum
  - Urgent pointer
  - Options and padding

### **4.What are the types of Flow control mechanism in TCP?**

- Transmit flow control
- Hardware flow control
- Software flow control
- Open-loop flow control
- Closed-loop flow control

**5. Explain about congestion control.**

- Congestion avoidance
  - BECN
  - FECN
  - Four situations
- Discarding

**6. Explain leaky bucket and token bucket algorithm**

Leaky bucket algorithm

Leaky bucket

Switch controlling the output rate

Flowchart

**7. Describe briefly about the Connection Establishment and Termination?**

- Three-way Handshake
- State –Transition Diagram

**8. What is Adaptive Retransmission? Explain in detail?**

- Definition
- Original Algorithm
  - Karn/Partridge Algorithm
  - Jacobson/Karels Algorithm
- Implementation

**9. Explain about the Congestion Avoidance Mechanism?**

- DEC bit
- Random Early Detection (RED)
- Source-Based Congestion Avoidance

**10. What is QoS? Explain briefly?**

- Application Requirements
- Real –Time Audio Example
- Taxonomy of Real-Time Applications
- Approaches to Qos Support



## **UNIT V**

### **1. Explain the functions of SMTP.**

• System for sending messages to other computer users based on e-mail addresses. SMTP provides mail exchange between users on the same or different computers.

- User Agent
- Mail Transfer Agent
- Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions
- Post Office Protocol

### **2. Write short notes on FTP.**

Transfer a file from one system to another.

TCP connections

Basic model of FTP

### **3. Explain about HTTP.**

HTTP transactions

HTTP messages

URL

### **4.Explain about Name Service(DNS)?**

Definition of DNS

Domain Hierarchy

Name Servers

Name Resolution

### **5.Explain briefly about the Network management (SNMP)?**

Definition

SNMP Request/Reply Protocol.

MIB

SNMP Server/Client.

### **6. Explain the WWW in detail.**

Hypertext & Hypermedia

Browser Architecture

Categories of Web Documents

HTML

CGI

Java

**7. Explain the type of encryption/decryption method.**

**Conventional Methods:**

Character-Level Encryption: Substitutional & Transpositional

Bit-Level Encryption: Encoding/Decoding, Permutation, Substitution, Product, Exclusive-Or & Rotation

**8. Explain about RSA algorithm.**

Public key Encryption technique.

Encryption algorithm

Decryption algorithm

Security in RSA

**9. Explain about secret key encryption algorithm.**

Data Encryption Standard

Algorithm

Sub key generation

**10. Explain about Secure systems?**

Pretty Good Privacy(PGB)

Secure Shell(SSH)